



## 93251 - Is There Zakah on Saved Money?

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### the question

I bought an apartment to live in, and it is being sold by installments until the building is completed. I made the down payment and put the rest of the cost of the apartment in the bank. Is Zakah due on the saved money or not? What about the amount that I gave as a down payment?

### Summary of answer

You have to pay Zakah on the money that has been saved. You do not have to pay Zakah on the down payment because it is no longer in your possession since you gave it to the seller.

### Detailed answer

Praise be to Allah.

If the [conditions of Zakah](#) being due are met with regard to this money, such as it reaching the Nisab and one full (Hijri) year having passed since it was acquired, then Zakah must be paid on it, [even if this money is being saved](#) to meet a specific need such as accommodation, education or maintenance.

Shaykh Ibn Baz (may Allah have mercy on him) was asked in Majmu` Al-Fatawa (14/130):

I am saving money from my salary each month. Do I have to pay Zakah on this money, knowing that I am saving this money to build myself a house and to pay the dowry for my marriage soon, in sha Allah, and I have been saving this money for several years in the bank because I have nowhere else to keep this money?

He replied:

“Wealth that is being saved to get married, [to build a home](#) or for other purposes is subject to



Zakah if it reaches the Nisab and one full (lunar) year has passed, whether it is gold, silver or cash, because of the general meaning of the evidence which indicates that Zakah is obligatory on that which reaches the Nisab and one full year has passed, with no exceptions.

As for putting the money in [Riba-based banks](#) , that is not permissible, because that is helping them in sin and transgression. But [if that is done out of necessity](#) , then it is permissible, but it should be without interest.”

Shaykh Ibn Baz (may Allah have mercy on him) was also asked in Majmu` Al-Fatawa (14/126): If a person is saving money with the aim of getting married, is it exempt from Zakah?

He (may Allah have mercy on him) replied:

“Zakah is not waived if one has the intention of getting married; the same applies to one who is collecting money to pay off a debt or to buy real estate to set up as a waqf or to buy a slave in order to set him free. Rather Zakah must be paid in all cases, if one year has passed since the money was collected, because Allah, may He be Glorified, has enjoined Zakah on the accumulated amount, and He has not stated that such purposes could mean that it is waived. Zakah increases wealth and does not decrease it; it purifies it and purifies its owner, as Allah says (interpretation of the meaning):

“Take Sadaqah (alms) from their wealth in order to purify them and sanctify them with it.” [Al-Tawbah 9:103]

And the Prophet (peace and blessings of Allah be upon him) said: “Wealth does not decrease because of spending charity.” (Narrated by Muslim, 2588)”

In Fatawa Al-Lajnah Ad-Da’imah (9/381) it says:

“Zakah is due on money that has been saved for building if one full year has passed and it reaches the Nisab by itself or when added to other wealth that is subject to Zakah, such as cash or trade goods.”



This was stated by Shaykh Ibn `Uthaymin (may Allah have mercy on him) in his Fatwas, and we have quoted his Fatwa in the answer to question no. [41805](#) .

The most correct of the scholarly views is that [Zakah must be paid on the wealth of one who owes a debt](#) , and the one who is paying a debt in installments, because a debt for which payment has been deferred does not mean that Zakah is waived on the wealth that is being saved if it reaches the Nisab, because Zakah is an act of worship that is required of the one who has wealth, based on the general meaning of the verses and Hadiths which enjoin paying Zakah.

Based on this, you have to pay Zakah on the money that has been saved. As for the [money which you gave as a down payment](#) to buy the house, you do not have to pay Zakah on it because it is no longer in your possession since you gave it to the seller.

And Allah knows best.