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# 65500 - Ruling on disputes and the virtue of reconciling between two disputing parties

#### the question

In our class we have two classmates who were not speaking to one another during Ramadaan, and they have been like that for a long time. My relationship with them is not strong, but I want to reconcile between them so that I may attain the reward of reconciling between people, and I want a letter that I can write to them, but I am afraid of dealing with them face to face. I hope that my letter will earn your attention.

### **Detailed answer**

Praise be to Allah.

Firstly:

What you are keen to do is one of the noblest of attitudes.

Allah says (interpretation of the meaning):

"So fear Allah and adjust all matters of difference among you, and obey Allah and His Messenger (Muhammad), if you are believers" [al-Anfaal 8:1]

"There is no good in most of their secret talks save (in) him who orders Sadaqah (charity in Allah's Cause), or Ma'roof (Islamic Monotheism and all the good and righteous deeds which Allah has ordained), or conciliation between mankind; and he who does this, seeking the good Pleasure of Allah, We shall give him a great reward" [al-Nisa' 4:114]

The Prophet (peace and blessings of Allah be upon him) told us that reconciling between people is better than observing voluntary fasts, offering voluntary prayers and giving voluntary charity. ×

It was narrated that Abu'l-Darda' (may Allah be pleased with him) said: The Messenger of Allah (peace and blessings of Allah be upon him) said: "Shall I not tell you something that is better than the status of (voluntary) fasting, prayer and charity?" They said: "Yes." He said: "Reconciling in a case of discord, for the evil of discord is the shaver." Al-Tirmidhi said: It was narrated that the Prophet (peace and blessings of Allah be upon him) said: "It is the shaver, and I do not say that it shaves hair, but that it shaves (i.e., destroys) religious commitment."

Narrated by Abu Dawood, 4273; al-Tirmidhi, 2433. classed as hasan by al-Albaani in Saheeh al-Tirmidhi.

Islam has permitted telling lies in order to achieve this great purpose. So it is permissible for you to tell each party that the other has said good things about them and praised them so as to encourage reconciliation. This does not come under the heading of lies that are haraam.

It was narrated from Umm Kalthoom bint 'Uqbah ibn Abi Mu'eet that she heard the Messenger of Allah (peace and blessings of Allah be upon him) say: "He is not a liar who seeks to reconcile between people and says good things." Narrated by al-Bukhari, 2490

#### Secondly:

For Muslims to forsake one another is a haraam action. You can remind both parties of the texts which indicate that. These include the following:

From the Holy Quran:

(a) The verse in which Allah says (interpretation of the meaning):

"And obey Allah and His Messenger, and do not dispute (with one another) lest you lose courage and your strength departs, and be patient. Surely, Allah is with those who are As-Saabiroon (the patient)" [al-Anfaal 8:46]

(b) The verse in which Allah says (interpretation of the meaning):

"And hold fast, all of you together, to the Rope of Allah (i.e. this Quran), and be not divided among



yourselves, and remember Allah's Favour on you, for you were enemies one to another but He joined your hearts together, so that, by His Grace, you became brethren (in Islamic Faith), and you were on the brink of a pit of Fire, and He saved you from it. Thus Allah makes His Ayaat (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.,) clear to you, that you may be guided" [Aal 'Imraan 3:103]

From the Sunnah of the Prophet (peace and blessings of Allah be upon him):

(a)It was narrated that Abu Hurayrah (may Allah be pleased with him) said: The Prophet (peace and blessings of Allah be upon him) said: "Do not hate one another, do not envy one another, do not turn away from one another. Be, O slaves of Allah, brothers. It is not permissible for a Muslim to forsake his brother for more than three days."

(Narrated by al-Bukhari, 6065; Muslim, 2559.

(b)It was narrated that Abu Ayyoob al-Ansaari (may Allah be pleased with him) said: The Prophet (peace and blessings of Allah be upon him) said: "It is not permissible for a Muslim to forsake his brother for more than three days, each of them turning away when they meet. The better of them is the one who gives the greeting of salaam first."

Narrated by al-Bukhari, 2757; Muslim, 2560.

(c)It was narrated that Abu Hurayrah (may Allah be pleased with him) said: The Prophet (peace and blessings of Allah be upon him) said: "The gates of Paradise are opened on Monday and Thursday, and everyone who does not associate anything with Allah is forgiven, except a man who has had an argument with his brother. It is said: 'Wait for these two until they reconcile, wait for these two until they reconcile, wait for these two until they reconcile, wait for these two until they reconcile." Narrated by Muslim, 2565.

Al-Nawawi said: "Wait for these two" means wait until they have reconciled and love has been restored between them.

(d)It was narrated from Abu Kharaash al-Sulami that he heard the Messenger of Allah (peace and blessings of Allah be upon him) say: "Whoever forsakes his brother for a year, it is as if he has

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shed his blood." Narrated by Abu Dawood, 4915. Classed as saheeh by al-Albaani in Saheeh al-Targheeb, 2762.

These texts indicate that it is forbidden for a Muslim to forsake his brother by not greeting him with salaam and by turning away from him for more than three days, so long as that forsaking is not for a shar'i reason and is not being done in order to achieve some purpose, in which case it is permissible to forsake him for more than three days.

See also question no. 21878

You have to remind these two disputing parties of these verses and ahaadeeth. Try to reconcile their points of view, and encourage them to forget their differences. You could address each of them directly, or you could write these texts on a piece of paper and give it to them to read.

We ask Allah to help you to do that which is good.

And Allah knows best.